If a group G acts on a topological space X then X is partitioned into the orbits of the action  $G \cdot x = \{g \cdot x; g \in G\} \subset X$ , ie we have an equivalent relation  $x \sim y \Leftrightarrow \exists g \in G : y = g \cdot x$ .

The **quotient space** is  $X/G = X/ \sim$  which is the set of orbits or equivalence classes.

 $U \subset X/\sim$  is open in the quotient topology if  $\bigcup U \subset X$  is open.

\*2222 acting on  $\mathbb{R}^2$  quotient = fundamental domain =



translation group  $\circ$  acting on  $\mathbb{R}^2$ 



quotient is a torus

\*333 acting on  $\mathbb{R}^2$ 





as a topological space a closed disk quotient

The quotient of  $\mathbb{S}^2$  or  $\mathbb{E}^2$  by any of our discrete groups will - as a topological space - by a surface (possible with boundary) But we want to keep track of slightly more information - for each point, what was the stabilizer of the action.

An orbifold is a space locally modelled on  $\mathbb{E}^n$  modulo some group action



A 2-orbifold is a surface with boundary ( $\Gamma = D_1$ ) and marked cone points (where  $\Gamma = C_n \subset O_2$ ) and marked corner points ( $\Gamma = D_n$ ).

 $\mathbb{E}^2/D_1 =$ 

////\_ ...

 $\mathbb{E}^2/C_1 =$ 









All connected compact surfaces is a sphere with handles  $\circ$  or crosscap x and with boundary components \*.

$$\Sigma_{g,k} = \underbrace{\circ \circ \ldots \circ}_{g} \underbrace{* * \ldots *}_{k}$$

$$N_{h,k} = \underbrace{xx...x}_{h} \underbrace{**...*}_{k}$$

Orbifold notation

 $\circ~{\rm handle}$ 

x crosscap

- \* boundary component
- n (at the beginning): cone point
- $n \hspace{0.1 cm} ( \text{after a } \ast ) : \mbox{ corner in that boundary }$

 $23 \circ \circ * * 22*$ 



quotient orbifold is a disk with corners in the boundary polygons with angles of the form  $\frac{\pi}{n}$ 



*236 *244	*233
	22n
	*nn
2222	235
333	234
236	233
244	
	22n
	nn

 $2*3 \quad 3*2$  $2*22 \quad 2*n$ 4\*2 $\circ \text{ torus}$ xx Klein bottle

- . . .
- $\ast\ast$  cylinder
- \*x Möbius band
- 22\* open pillow case
- $22x \ \mathbb{R}P^2$  with cone points
- $nx \ \mathbb{R}P^2$  with cone points